Y3 Stone Age Bone Age

Key Learning Objectives:

- compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties.
- describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock.
- recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter.

How you can help at home:

- Talk to your child/children about what they have learnt at school.
- Look up Historical Stone Age settlements using google earth.
- Find out why rocks and fossils are important within a scientific context .

Key Vocabulary

Word	Definition
Aurochs	A very large Ox (forerunner to cattle)
Evidence	Facts or information indicating whether a belief or suggestion is true or valid
Fossils	The remains or impression of a prehistoric plant or animal embedded in rock
Igneous	Rock formed through the cooling and solidification of magma or lava
Metamorphic	Rock that has undergone transformation by heat, pressure, or other natural agencies
Organic	Relating to living matter
Prehistoric	The period before written records
Sedimentary	Rock that has formed from water or air particles
Woolly Mammoth	An animal with a long shaggy coat, small ears, and a thick layer of fat