

# SPAG

## BOOTCAMP

### SUMMER 2 – WEEK 1

<b>NAME:</b>		
	Day 1	Day 2
Word classes		
Singular/plural		
Conjunction/ preposition?		
Present perfect		
Prepositions		
Subordinating clauses		
Contracted form		
Apostrophes		

**MY TARGET:**

## DAY 1

1. Put one letter in each box to show the word class.

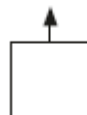
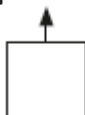
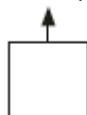
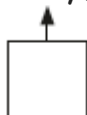
adjective  
A

adverb  
B

adjective  
C

adverb  
D

Slowly, the vast, pink cake fell and almost landed on the floor.



2. Complete the table below.

Singular noun	Plural noun
<i>dwarf</i>	
	<i>children</i>
<i>half</i>	
<i>knife</i>	

3. When 'before' or 'after' are used to join two clauses (both of which contain a verb) they are known as **conjunctions**.  
When 'before' or 'after' are just followed by a noun or noun phrase, they are known as **prepositions**.

Tick whether 'before' or 'after' is used as a conjunction or a preposition.

I need to mark the maths **before** I go home.

I listened to music **after** school.

Conjunction	Preposition

4. Write the missing verb to make the sentence in the present perfect tense. (This means using **has** or **have** before a past tense verb)  
Use the root verb 'study'.

I \_\_\_\_\_ at Ecclesall Primary School for two years.

5. **Tick all of the sentences that include a preposition AND underline the preposition.**

The flowers smelled gorgeous.

☐

A beautiful tabby cat sat under the bench.

☐

As quick as lightning, the cat chased the mouse.

☐

The pig saw the cat run across the field.

☐

6. **Add a subordinate clause to this simple sentence.**

**You could use e.g. *because, so, if, although, before, after***

***The dog dived into the river***

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7. **Where appropriate, the following words in contracted form. Can you find the odd one out?**

Do not	
Shall not	
Did not	
Slip knot	

8. **Tick the correct box to show how the apostrophe is being used.**

	Possession	Omission
I couldn't find the World Cup.		
The cat's face was unusual looking.		
"Who're you?" asked the banana.		

## DAY 2

1. Put one letter in each box to show the word class.

adverb A	adjective B	adjective C	adverb D
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Tigers have stripy coats and often eat giant cows ferociously.

↑ □	↑ □	↑ □	↑ □
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2. Complete the table below.

Singular noun	Plural noun
<i>scarf</i>	
<i>deer</i>	
	<i>people</i>
	<i>potatoes</i>

3. When 'before' or 'after' are used to join two clauses (both of which contain a verb) they are known as **conjunctions**.

When 'before' or 'after' are just followed by a noun or noun phrase, they are known as **prepositions**.

Tick whether 'before' or 'after' is used as a conjunction or a preposition.

After tea, I read my book.

Mr. Moffatt locked up before he went home.

Conjunction	Preposition

4. Write the missing verb to make the sentence in the present perfect tense. (This means using **has** or **have** before a past tense verb)  
Use the root verb 'read'.

I \_\_\_\_\_ 3 books this week.

5. Tick all of the sentences that include a preposition AND underline the preposition.

The car with a red roof sped along the road.

☐

Lifting weights is better than running.

☐

The man was stuck under his car.

☐

He should have trained more in the gym.

☐

6. Add a subordinate clause to this simple sentence.

You could use *e.g. because, so, if, although, before, after*

*I set my alarm early that day*

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7. Record the following words in contracted form.

I would	
I will	
Can not	
I am	

8. Tick the correct box to show how the apostrophe is being used.

	Possession	Omission
Steve's going to the World Cup.		
James' bike was a shiny silver colour.		
Don't look at Ronaldo like that.		